

Technical data of the hybrid solar collectors Ensol E-PVT2,0

E-PVT2,0 - Hybrid collector PVT

Collector E-PVT2,0 is a combination of a flat solar collector and a photovoltaic module with polycrystalline silicon cell. Solar collector is responsible for a conversion of a solar radiation to thermal energy, used for heating domestic water and central heating, while photovoltaic module changes solar energy into electric energy.

Photovoltaic module defined as a source of a pure electric energy is not without downsides; its efficiency lowers when the temperature of the module rises. When the temperature of cells goes up by 1 K, its capacity of producing energy goes down by 0,5%. Catalogue parameters of photovoltaic modules are given for the temperature of a module equal 25 degrees, with an insolation of 1000 W/m². During the work in a full, lasting for several hours insolation, the temperature of a module rises to a level which could cause the loss of efficiency reaching even 40%.

By using thermal system in a hybrid collector PVT occurs a reception of warmth with the use of cooling fluid flowing by Roll-Bond exchanger. By removing the heat, thermal system increases the capacity to process solar radiation into electric current, but also provides a lot of thermal energy. Hybrid collector E-PVT2,0 is a technological progress in increasing efficiency of photovoltaic modules with a simultaneous exchange of a solar energy into thermal and electric energy.

Advantages of a hybrid collector E-PVT2,0:

- higher efficiency of production of electric energy in comparison to standard photovoltaic modules.
- thermal part of a collector is used for heating domestic water and supporting central heating
- more economic possibilities one module required for production of electrical current and heat
- lower investment cost of both systems than in traditional devices (fluid thermal collectors and photovoltaic modules)



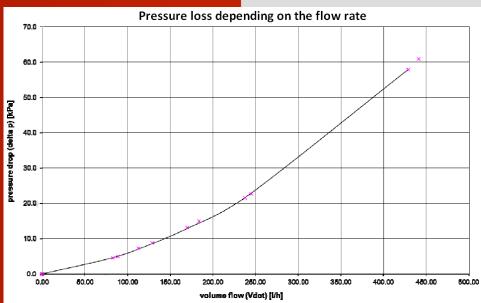
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Collector E-PVT2,0:	Symbol	Unit	Value	
Width	А	mm	1006	
Height	В	mm	2007	
Depth	С	mm	85	
Surface	S	m ²	2,02	
Casing	Patented	Patented aluminium profile		
Glass thickness	4,0 mm	4,0 mm		
Techr	ical parar	neters		
Peak power	Q	w	1037	
for 1000 W/m ²)				
Absorber's pipe	Aluminiur	Aluminium exchanger Roll-Bond		
Aperture surface	S _n	m ²	1,86	
Width	а	mm	954	
Height	b	mm	1953	
Collector efficiency	η	%	55,5	
Coefficient	b _u	$W/(m^2K^2)$	0,051	
Coefficient	b _{1a}	$W/(m^2K^2)$	9,547	
Coefficient	b _{2a}	W/(m ² K ²)	1,389	
Maximum operating pressure	Pmax	bar	6	
Stagnation temperature (depends on the wind speed)	T _{st}	for 1,5m/s=	for 0,5m/s=80°C for 1,5m/s=70°C for 3,0m/s=60°C	
Fluid content	V	dm ³	1,2	
Electi	rical parar	meters		
Peak power	Pmax	w	300	
(for 1000 W/m ²)				
Type of cell	Policrysta	Policrystalline		
Amount of cells		pcs	72	
Size of a cell		mm	156 x 156	
Rated current	Impp	A	8,15	
Short-circuit current	Isc	A	8,78	
Nominal voltage	Vmpp	V	36,82	
Open-circuit voltage	Voc	V	45,31	
Hybrid collector warranty		5 years	5 years	
PV module warranty		10 years	10 years	
Total peak Power (for 1000 W/m ²)	Qmax	W	1337	





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Legend:

tm - average temperature of liquid

ta - ambient temperature

G - solar irradiance